Year 6 Writing Expectations

Write for Different Purposes and Audiences
Writing to entertain/inform/instruct/persuade the reader, using organisational features
e.g. set of instructions using bullet points or numbered lists, sub-headings, diagrams
In Fiction Texts, Describe Settings Characters and Atmosphere
Describing settings, characters and atmosphere to constantly engage the reader
e.g. conscious choices of vocabulary, conveying character through speech
Use of Dialogue
Used to convey character and advance the action in narratives
e.g. short conversations between characters which reveal crucial information about the plot
Use of Appropriate Organisational Features
Using presentational devices that are relevant to the text type
e.g. underlined sub-headings in a non-chronological text
Use a Range of Cohesive Devices Within and Across Sentences
Range of appropriate conjunctions, adverbials, sentence openers etc to create cohesion
e.g. fronted adverbials, verb openings, pronouns
Use Vocabulary and Grammatical Structures that Reflect Style of Writing
Accurate use of voice, tense, verb choices etc.
e.g. modal verbs to show possibility, passive voice accurately
Proofread and Assess Work
Proofread own/others' work spotting mistakes, making necessary corrections independently
e.g. recognizing and correcting grammar, spelling, punctuation
Use Inverted Commas Accurately
Punctuate direct speech correctly
e.g. "Draw your sword," proclaimed the knight.
Use Commas Accurately
Clarify meaning, avoid ambiguity, in lists
e.g. The monkey, Bernard, appeared intelligent with many human characteristics.
Use the Full Range of Punctuation
From current, and previous year groups
*See below
Use Punctuation for Parenthesis
Use of commas, brackets and dashes to mark parenthesis
e.g. My brother, the scruffiest person in history, never washes his hair.
Use Dashes, Semi-colons, Colons and Hyphens
Sometimes use the above correctly, across a range of writing
e.g. It felt like forever – the longest day in history.
Use Adverbials and Different Verb Forms Including Modal Verbs Mostly Accurately
Correct subject/verb agreement, correct tense, degrees of possibility etc.
e.g. The swooping bird was My friend and I were It might rain today
Convert Nouns and Adjectives into Verbs
Using suffixes, convert nouns and adjectives into verbs
e.g. Jade watched the water solidify into ice.
Spell Many Verb Prefixes and Homophones Correctly
Words that sound the same but have different spellings and meanings; adding prefix to verb
e.g. Dr Habib practises medicine at the local doctor's practice. Overturn, reopen
Spell Most of the Y5 and Y6 Words Correctly
This includes independent activities, extended pieces of writing and spelling tests
*See statutory spelling list for Y5 and Y6
Write Legibly and Fluently
Correct letter sizing and spacing, joining where appropriate