## GEOGRAPHY- NORTHERN EUROPE

Progression of Skills and Knowledge
Locational Identify the position and significance of Equator and Northern
Knowledge and Southern hemisphere.
Map Skills Follow a short route on an OS map. Describe the features shown on an OS map. Use atlases to find out data about other places.

Use 8-figure compass and 6-figure grid references accurately.


Equator- the imaginary line drawn around the earth halfway between the north and south pole.

The half of the earth to the north of the equator is the northern hemisphere; the half to the south is the southern hemisphere

- Name countries and capital cities of Europe.


The grey shaded areas on the map illustrate the main areas on the Western Front where the 1914-1918 battles took place. The map shows the Franco-German border as it was in 1914 when the war broke out.

## Glossary

- Population movement - the movement of people from one place to another with the intention of settling down in the new location.
- Human geography-how humans interact with their surroundings and the imprint successive generations have left.
- Physical geography- the study of the human features of the earth's surface.
- British Empire- the areas of the world ruled by Britain (its territories and colonies) from 17th century to 20 th century.
- Environment- the relationship between humans and the natural world
- Latitude the distance on the earth's surface, north or south of the equator.
- Longitude- the distance on the earth's surface, east or west of the Greenwich meridian. Longitude and latitude measurements can be used together to specify a precise location on earth.
- Equator- an imaginary circle around earth. It divides earth into two equal parts: the Northern Hemisphere and the Southern Hemisphere. It runs east and west halfway between the North and South poles. The distance around the Equator is about 24,900 miles ( 40,000 kilometers).

Big Ideas:

- What was the impact of the British Empire on the rest of the world?
- How did the landscape of Europe change post WWI?
- What was the impact of WWI on human geography?
- Describe the population change pre and post-Europe


